Cervical Ripening Catheter Home Discharge Instructions

What do I do now that the catheter has been placed in my cervix?

- Go home and get ready for your labor.
- We encourage you to rest/nap for the induction you will be having soon. It can be a long and exhausting process.
- You do not need to stay in bed. You can walk and move around with the catheter in place, but try not to do too much.
- You should eat and drink normally. Make sure you eat a nice meal before you come into the hospital.





When should I come to Labor and Delivery?

Come to Labor and Delivery at 8 pm for your scheduled induction. You will be admitted to a labor room. We will begin the rest of your induction process if your labor hasn't started on its own. If your catheter has not fallen out, a provider will remove the catheter and will use other medications to start your labor.





Cook Catheter



Foley Catheter



Five important reasons to come to OB Triage before 8 pm:

- 1. You have regular painful contractions for 1 hour that:
 - o come every 3 to 5 minutes and last 1 minute each

AND

- o feel very strong and are all about the same strength
- 2. You have bright red vaginal bleeding that is more than spotting or is like a period
- 3. Your baby is not moving normally (your baby should move more than 10 times in 2 hours)
- 4. You think you may have broken your bag of water
- 5. You think you may have an infection (signs of infection include feeling feverish or having chills)

What should I do if my catheter falls out before 8:00 pm?

As long as you are not experiencing the "Five important reasons to come to OB Triage before 8 pm" (see above), you can stay home and come into Labor and Delivery at 8:00 pm as scheduled. You can bring your catheter with you or you can throw it away at home.

What should I do if I am having cramping from the catheter?

- Take a warm shower or bath. You can also use a heating pad.
- For pain you can take Tylenol 650mg every 4 hours (also called acetaminophen).
- To help you sleep you can take Benadryl 25mg to 50mg every 6 hours (also called diphenhydramine). **Do not** take Benadryl if you will be driving.
- Your provider may also give you a prescription for other medications to help with cramps caused by the catheter so you can rest at home.

Other Questions? Call us at OB Triage (505-272-2460)

Let us know that you have a question about your cervical ripening catheter.



